

リコネクションアウトフローの マルチスケール構造

Multi-scale structure of the outflow exhaust
in collisionless magnetic reconnection

銭谷誠司

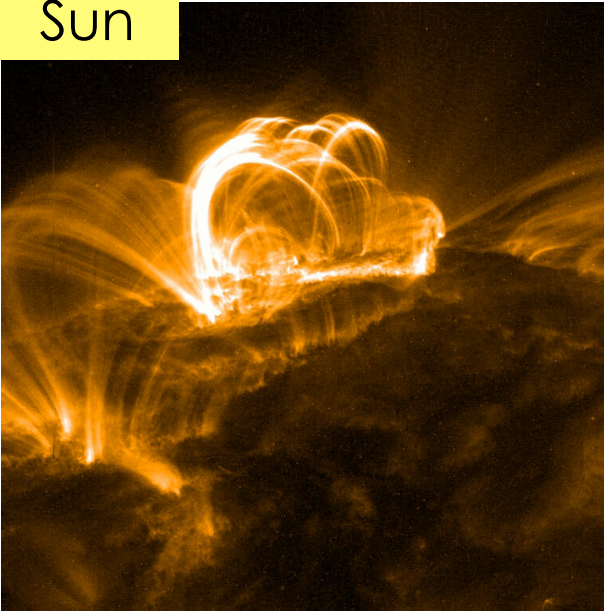
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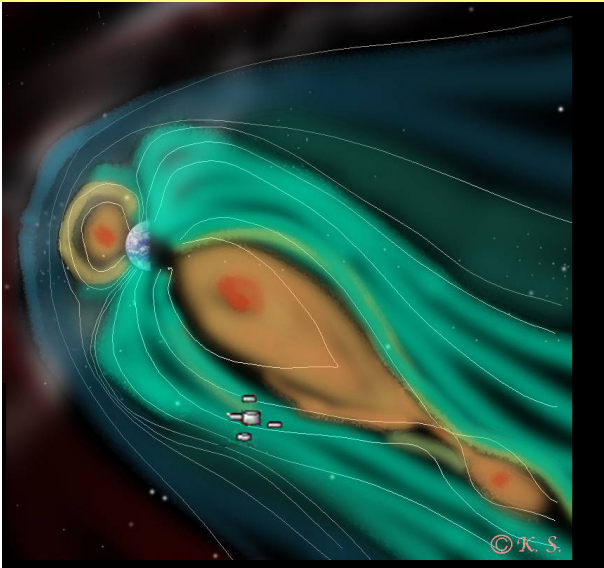
0. Introduction

Magnetic reconnection

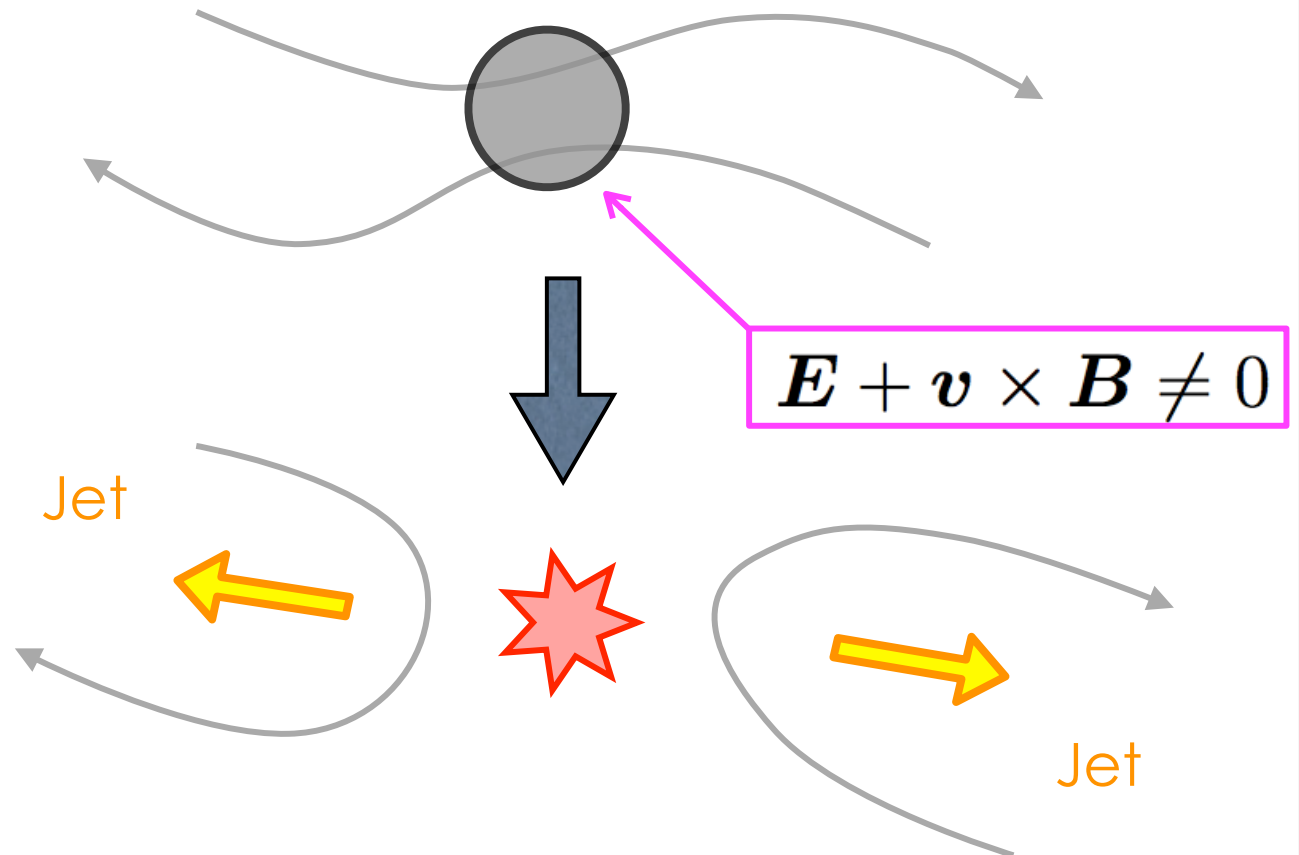
Sun



Earth's Magnetosphere



- Dissipation region around the X-point
- **Structure** and internal physics critically controls the macroscopic evolution

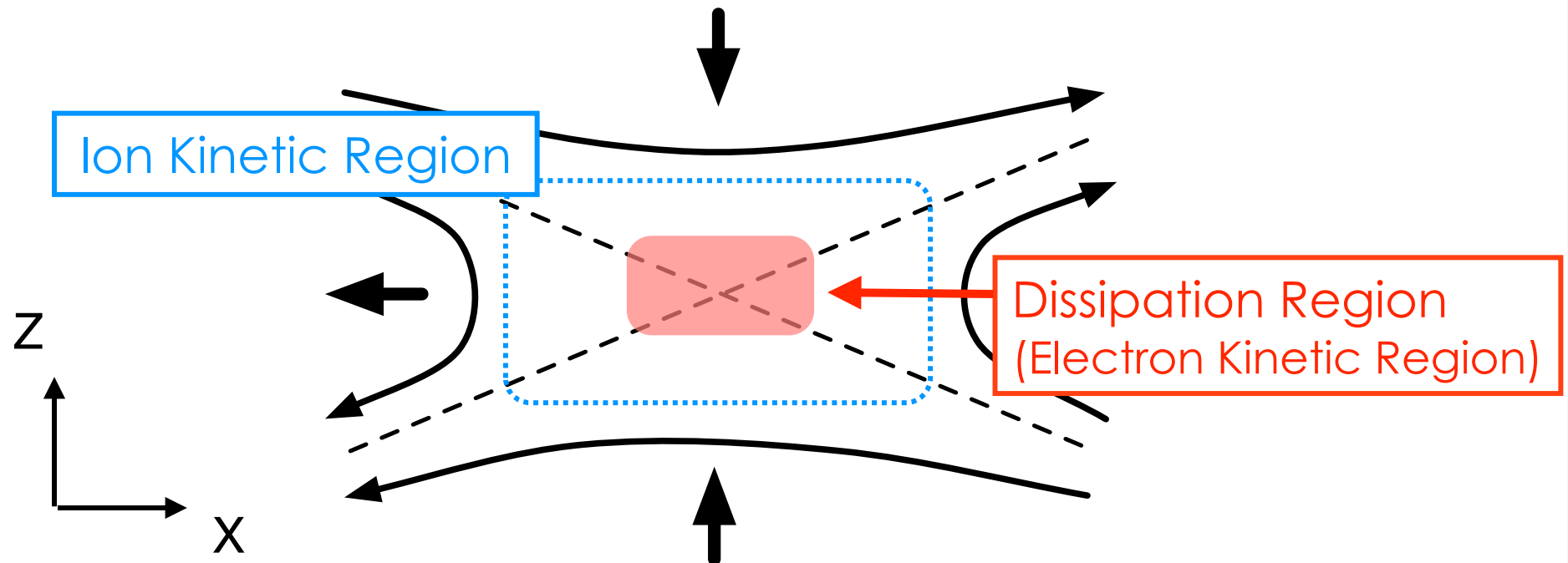


Kinetic dissipation regions

- The ideal condition

$$\mathbf{E} + \mathbf{v}_s \times \mathbf{B} = 0$$

- We expected a multi-scale structure



- Nonideal energy dissipation arises from electron kinetic physics

Multi-scale structure

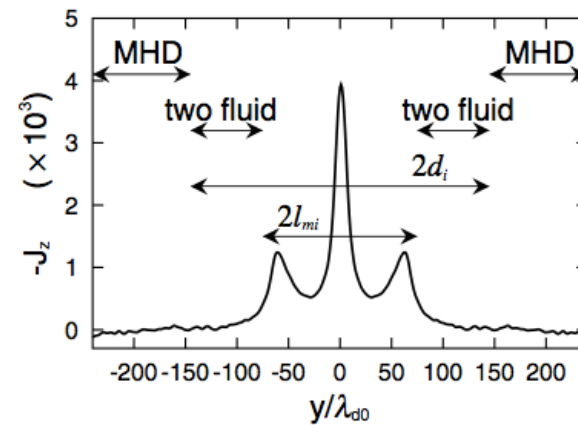
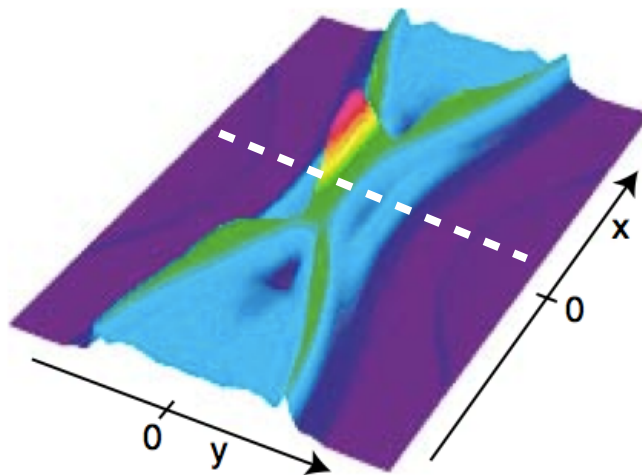
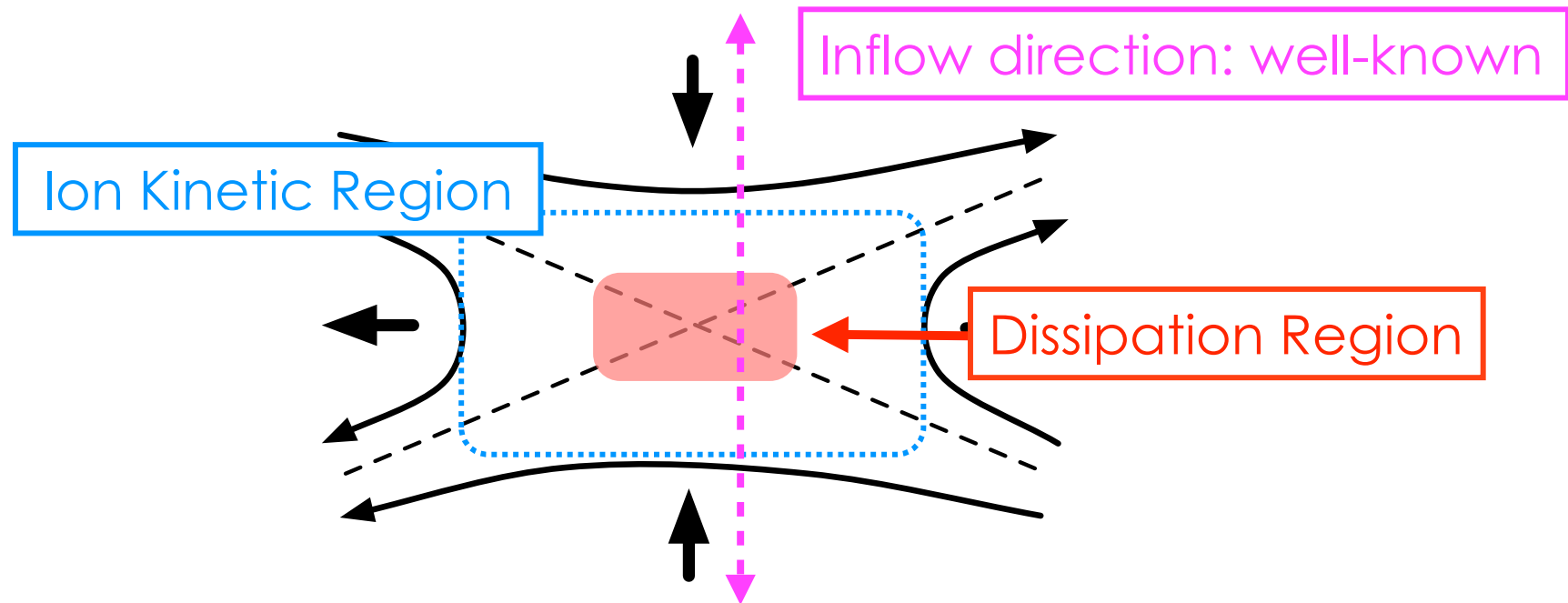
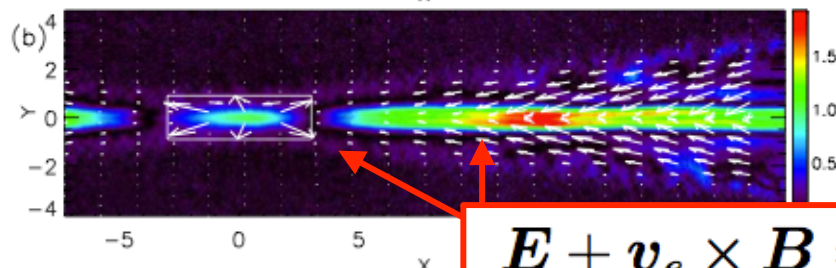
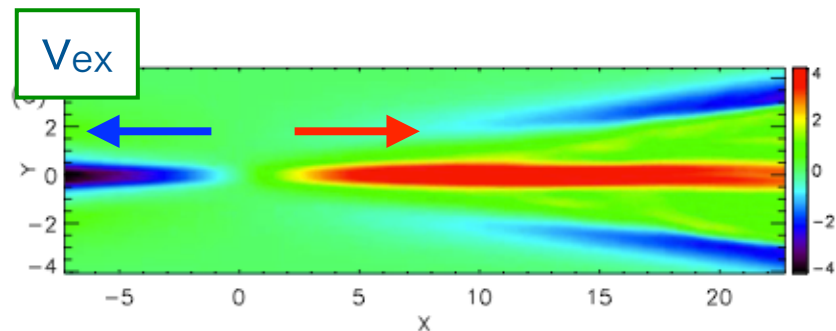
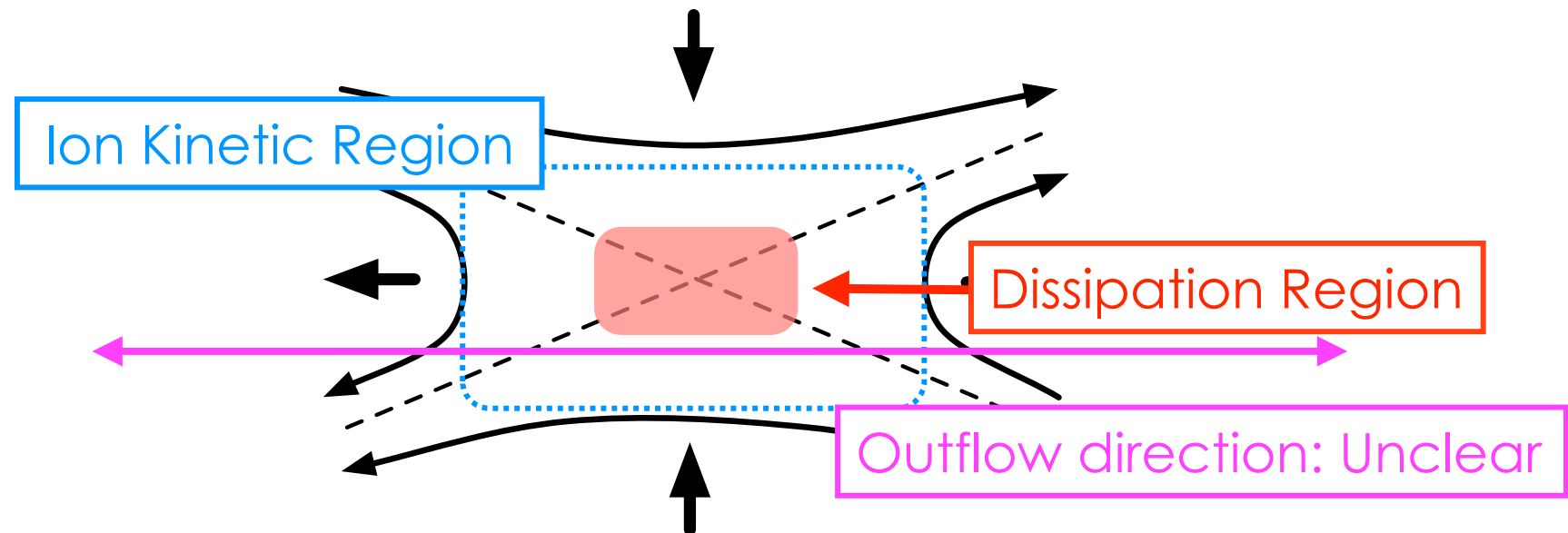


FIG. 2. The spatial profile of the out-of-plane current density along the vertical line passing the X point in the steady state.

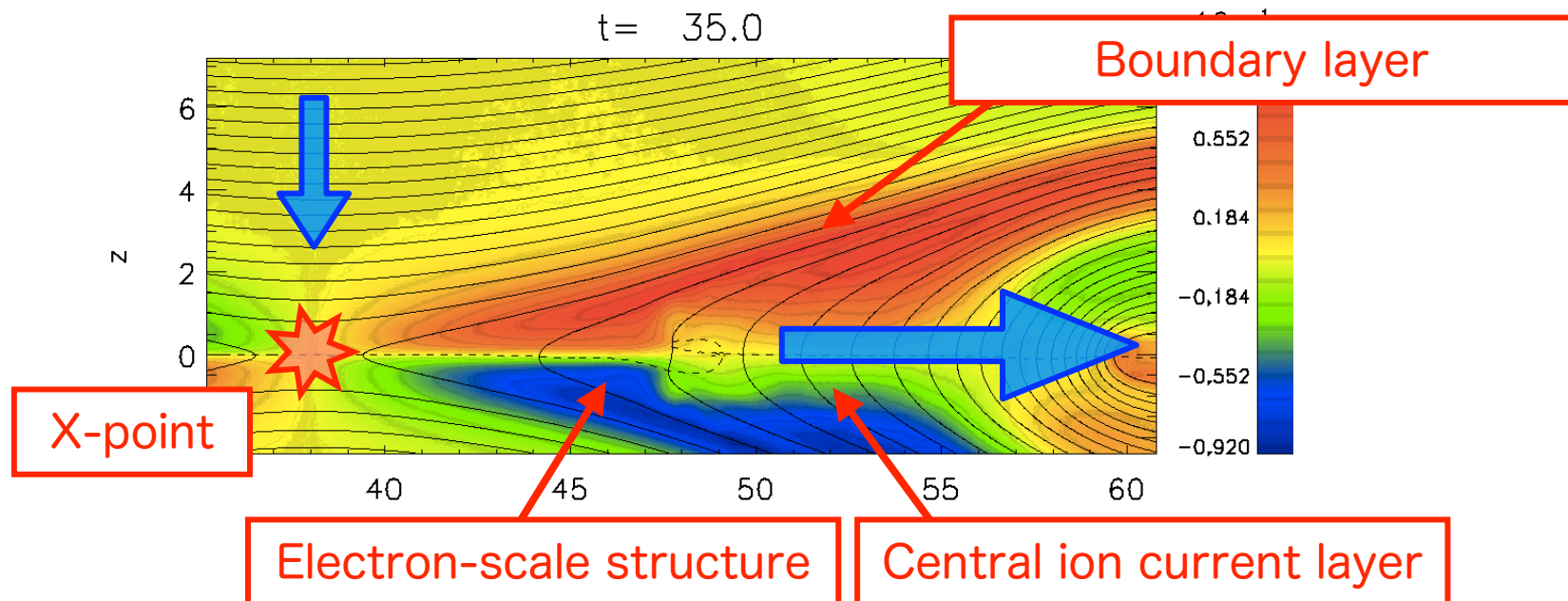
Multi-scale structure



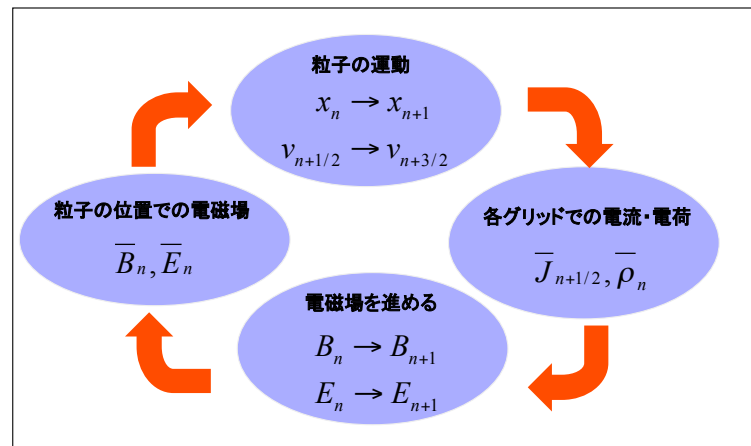
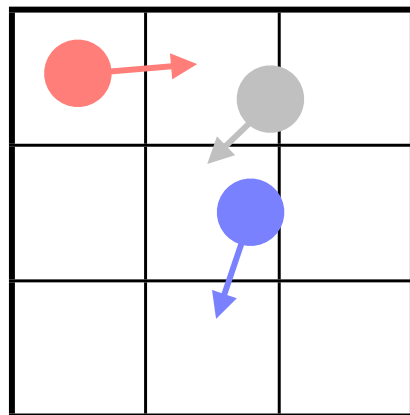
- No unified picture yet
 - Spatial scale
 - Lack of interest

Today's topic

- Ion-scale properties in a reconnection outflow



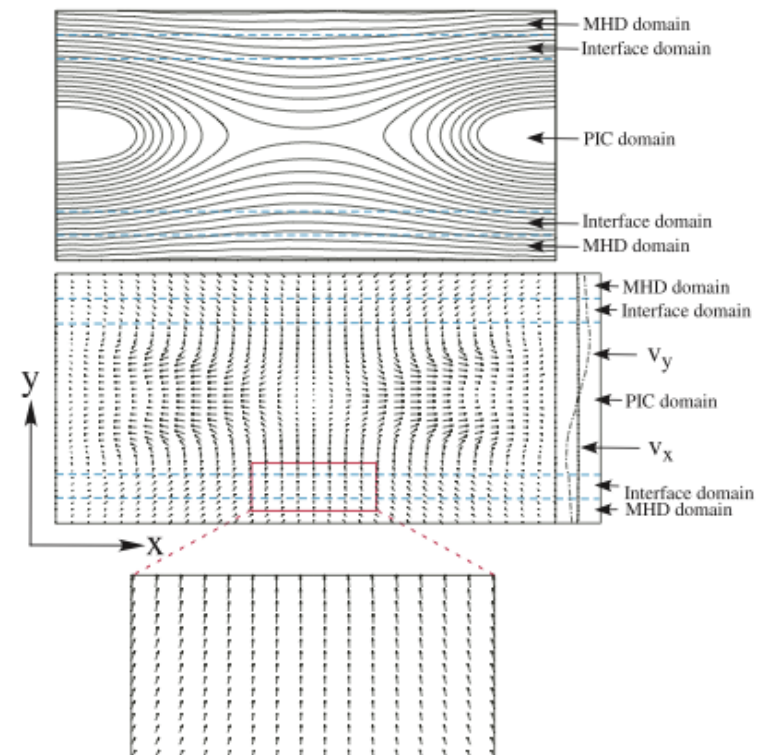
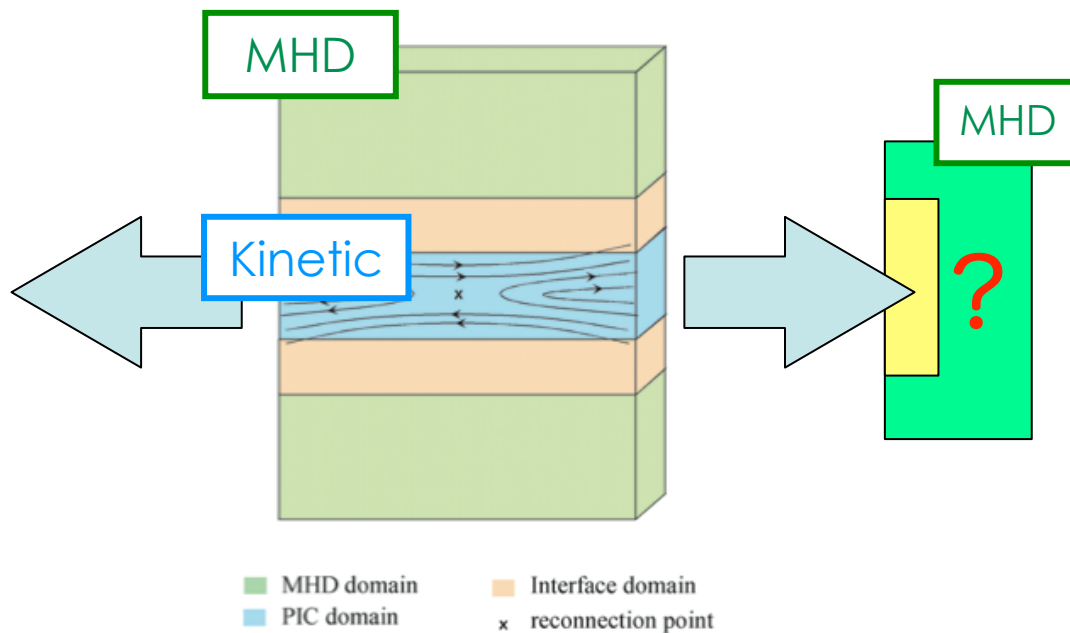
- 2D particle-in-cell (PIC) simulations: $m_i/m_e=100$, $N=10^9$, 10^5 steps



Multi-hierarchy simulation model

- Under development by NIFS (2006~)
- As of 2012, only implemented in the inflow direction.

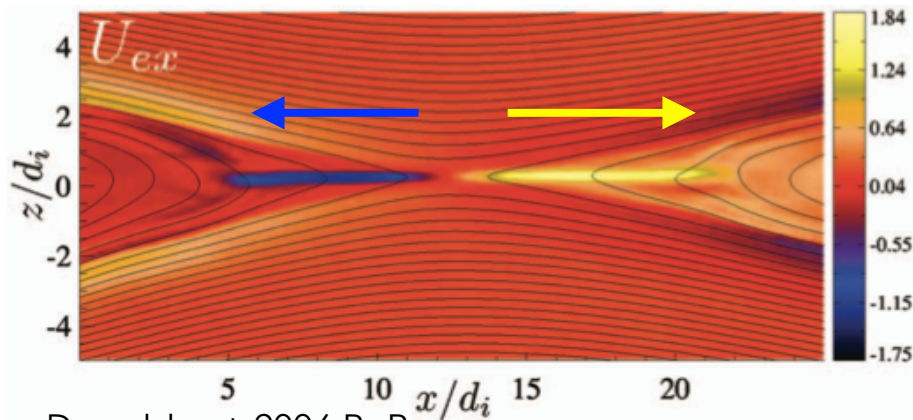
$$\mathbf{E} + (\mathbf{v}_i/c) \times \mathbf{B} \neq 0$$



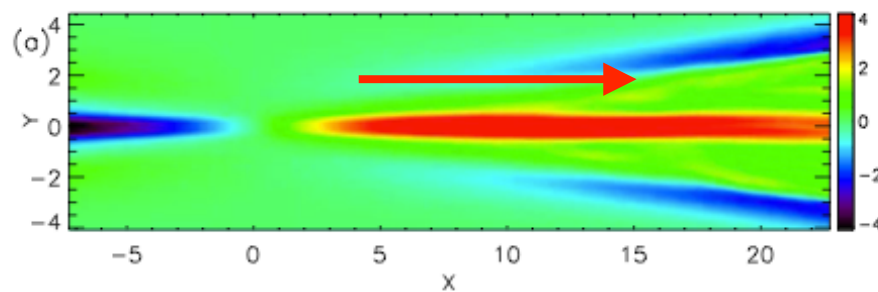
1. Electron-scale structure

“Super-Alfvénic electron jet”

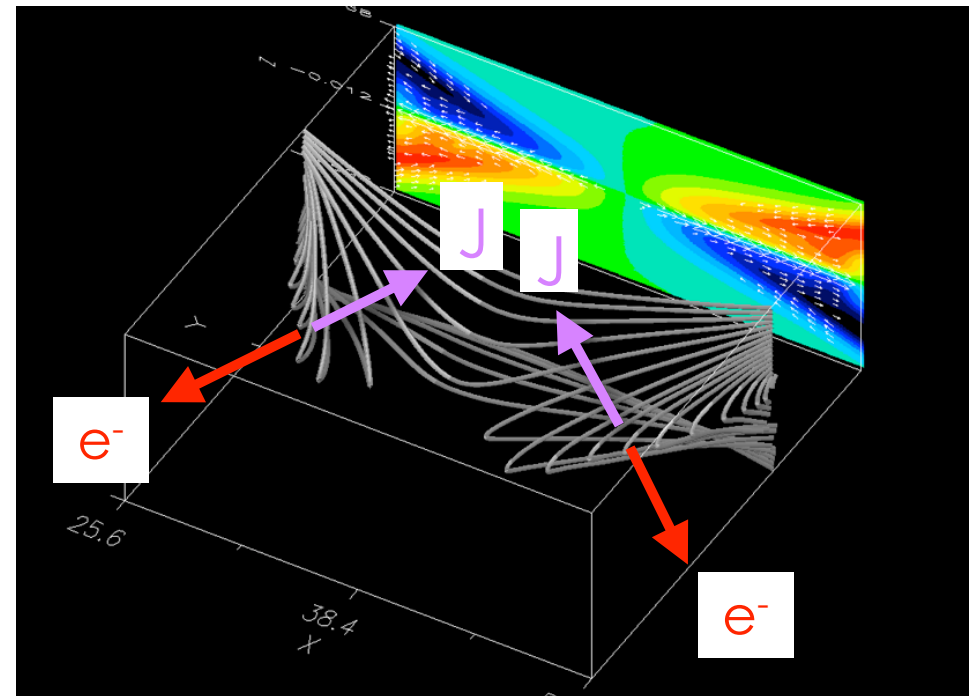
- Hot topic since 2006
- Oblique projection of an electron current sheet



Daughton+ 2006 PoP

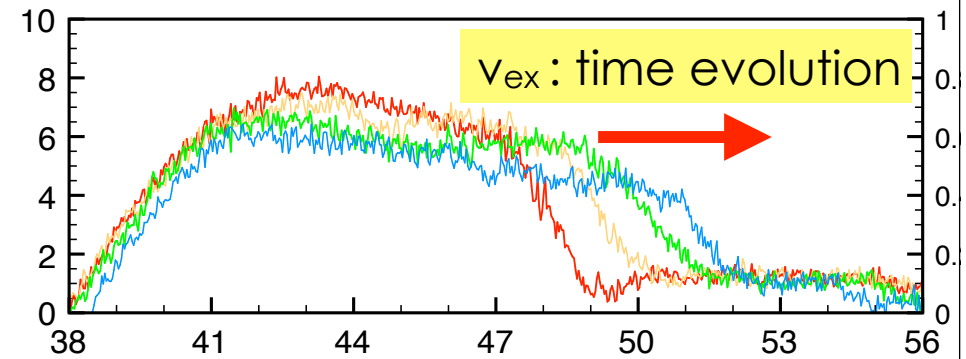
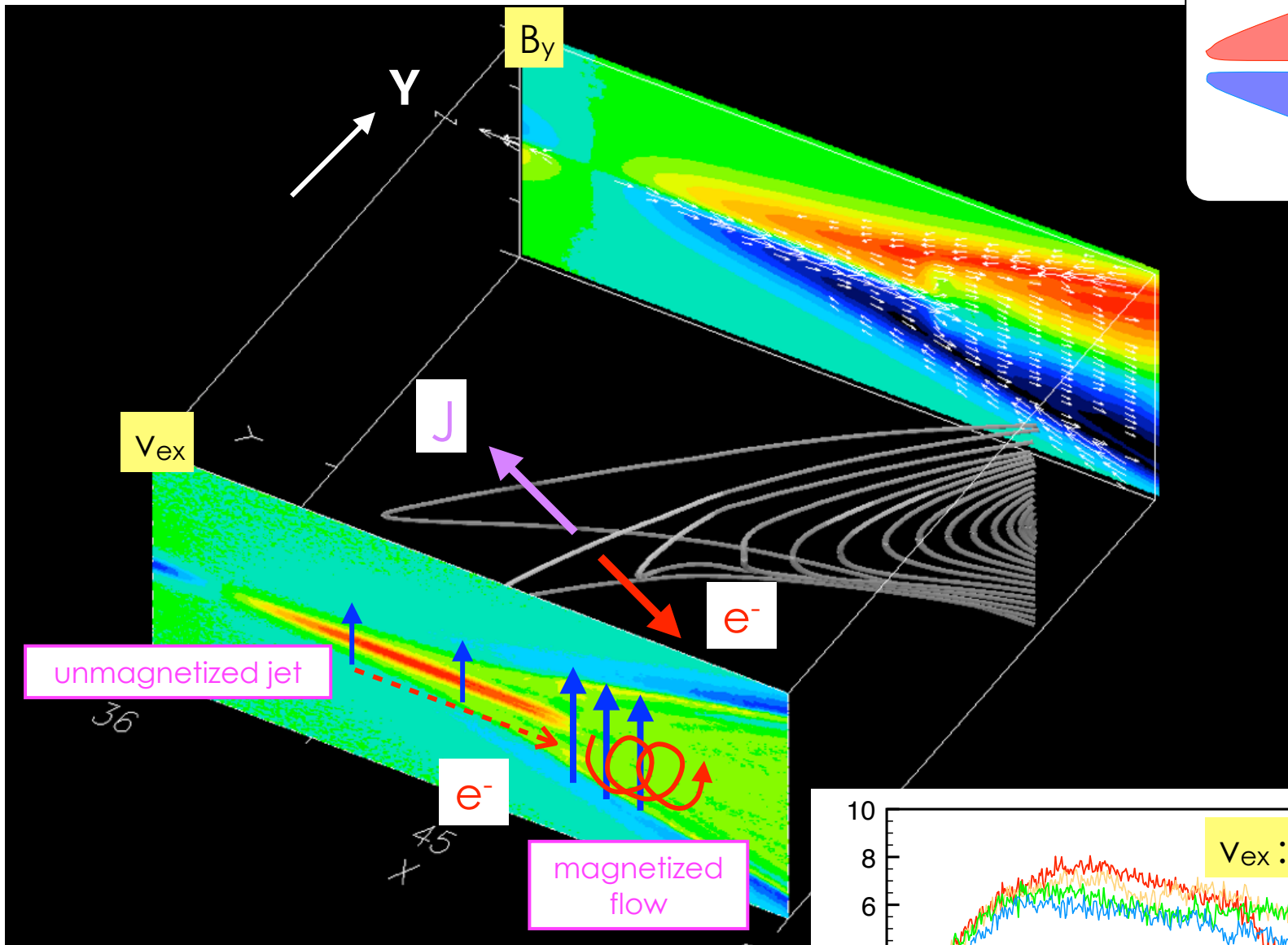


Shay+ 2007 PRL



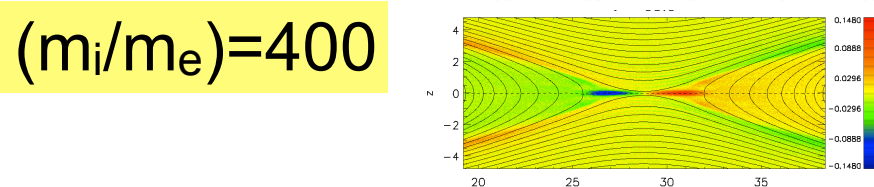
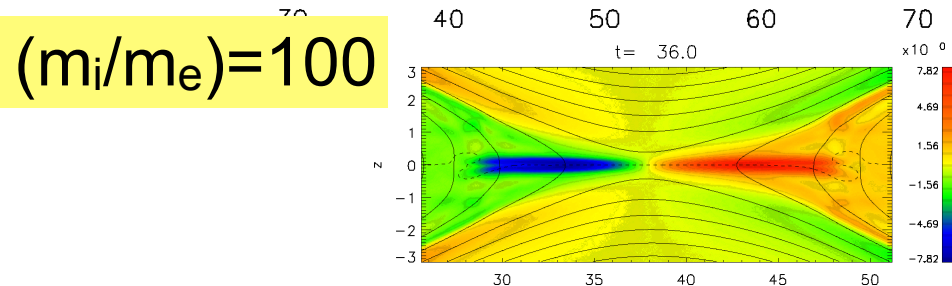
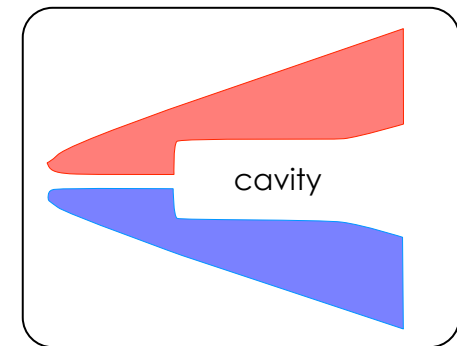
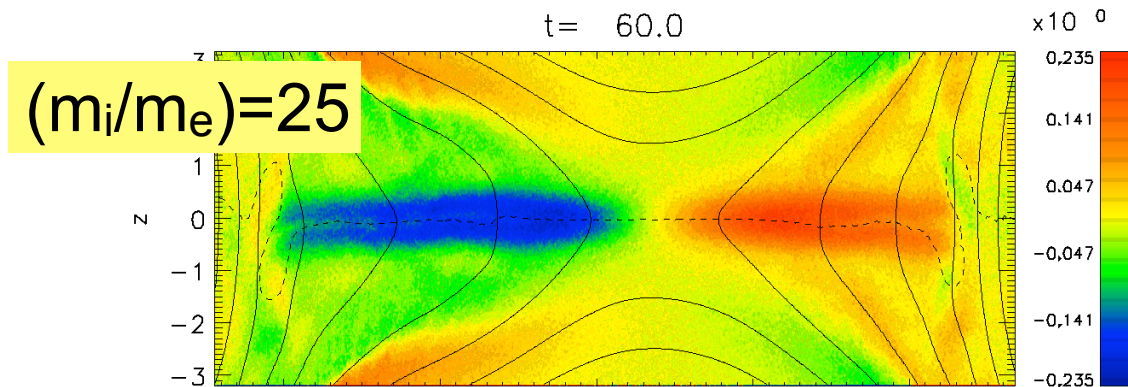
Hesse+ 2008 PoP (data from SZ+ 2011 PoP)

Electron shock

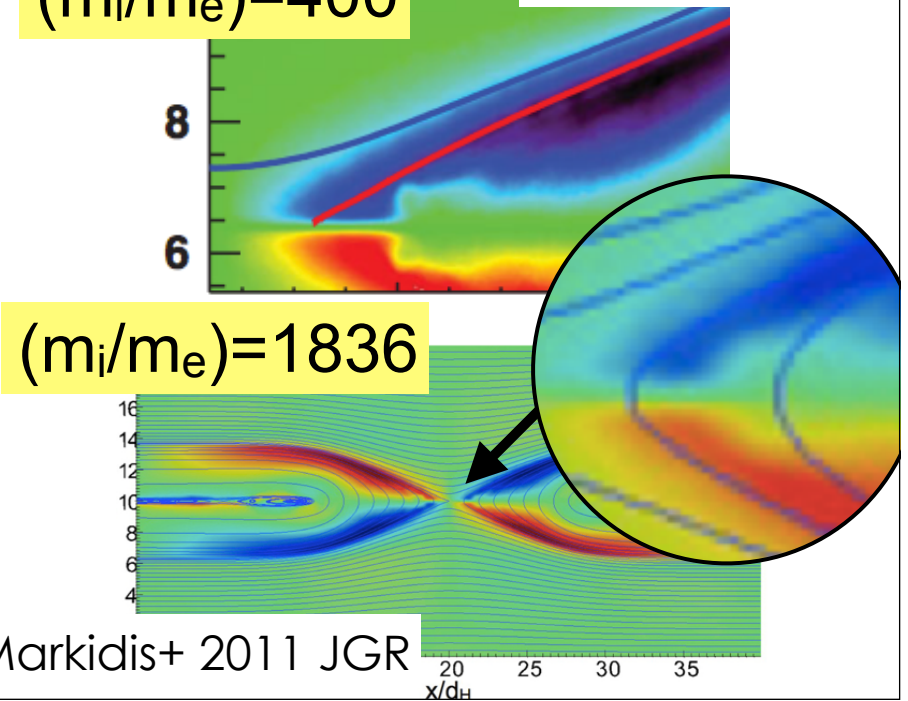


Dependence to m_i/m_e

- Shocks & cavities are clear at high mass ratio (m_i/m_e)
- Low occurrence in the Earth's magnetosphere



$(m_i/m_e)=400$ Shay+ 2011 PRL

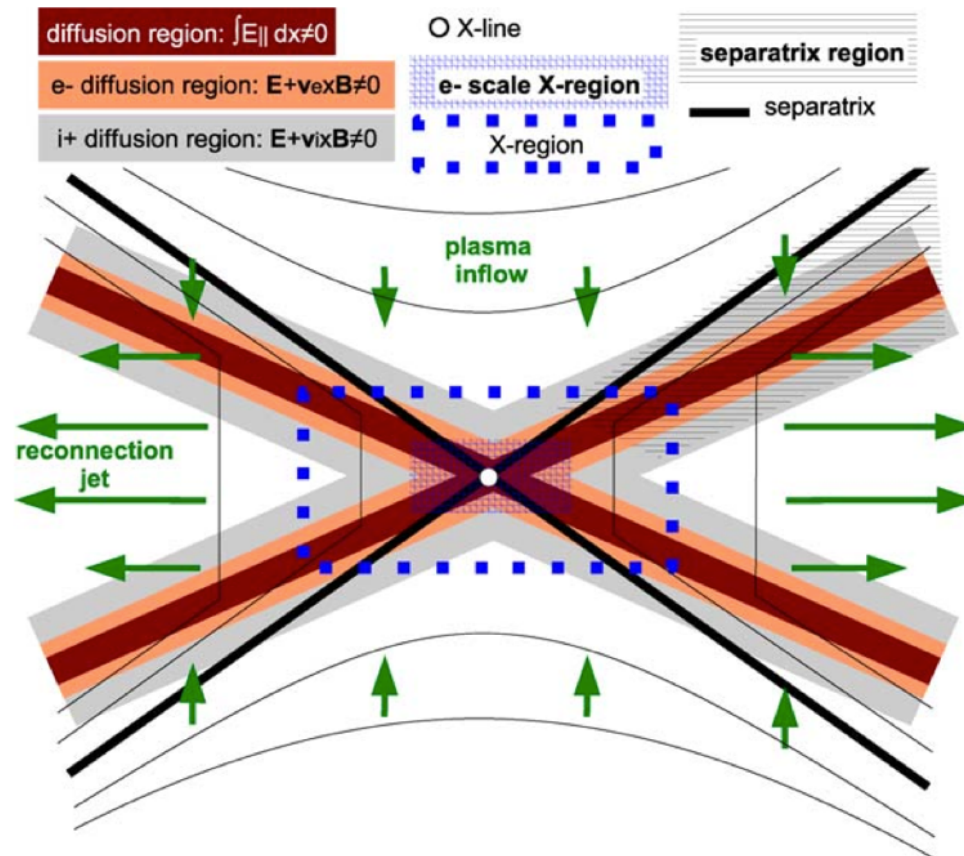


Markidis+ 2011 JGR

2. Boundary layer

Boundary layer (separatrix)

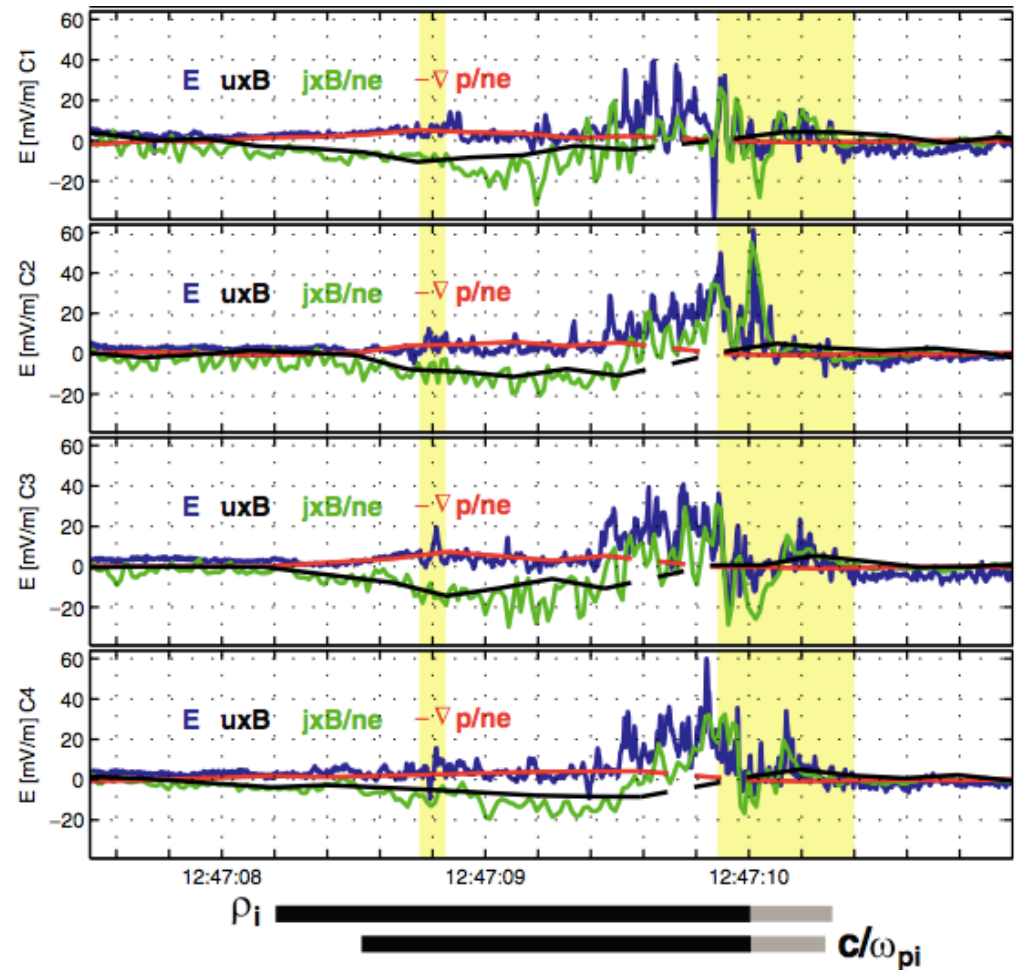
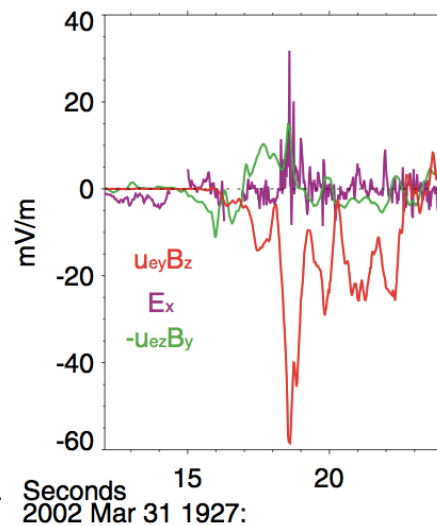
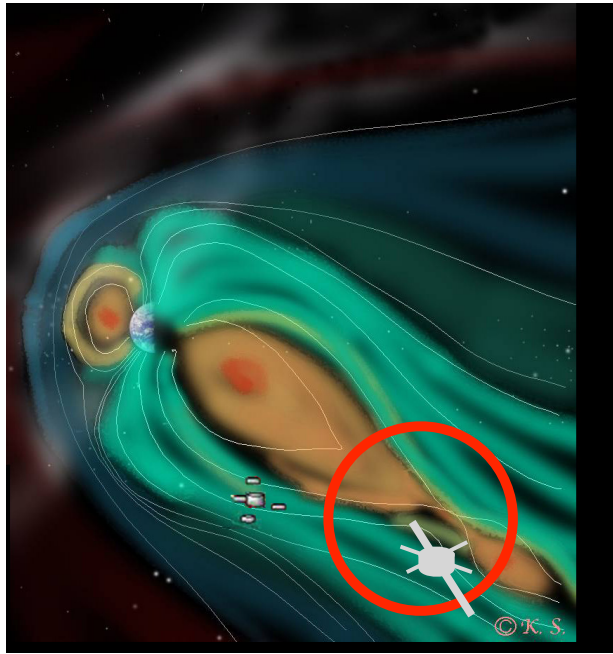
- Boundary between the outflow exhaust and the upstream plasma
- Nonideal layer that could control reconnection process
- Energy conversion site (Petschek picture)



$$\mathbf{E} + (\mathbf{v}_i/c) \times \mathbf{B} \neq 0$$

Figure 2. Sketch of all main regions of interest for microphysics of reconnection.

Extensive observations in the Earth's M'sphere



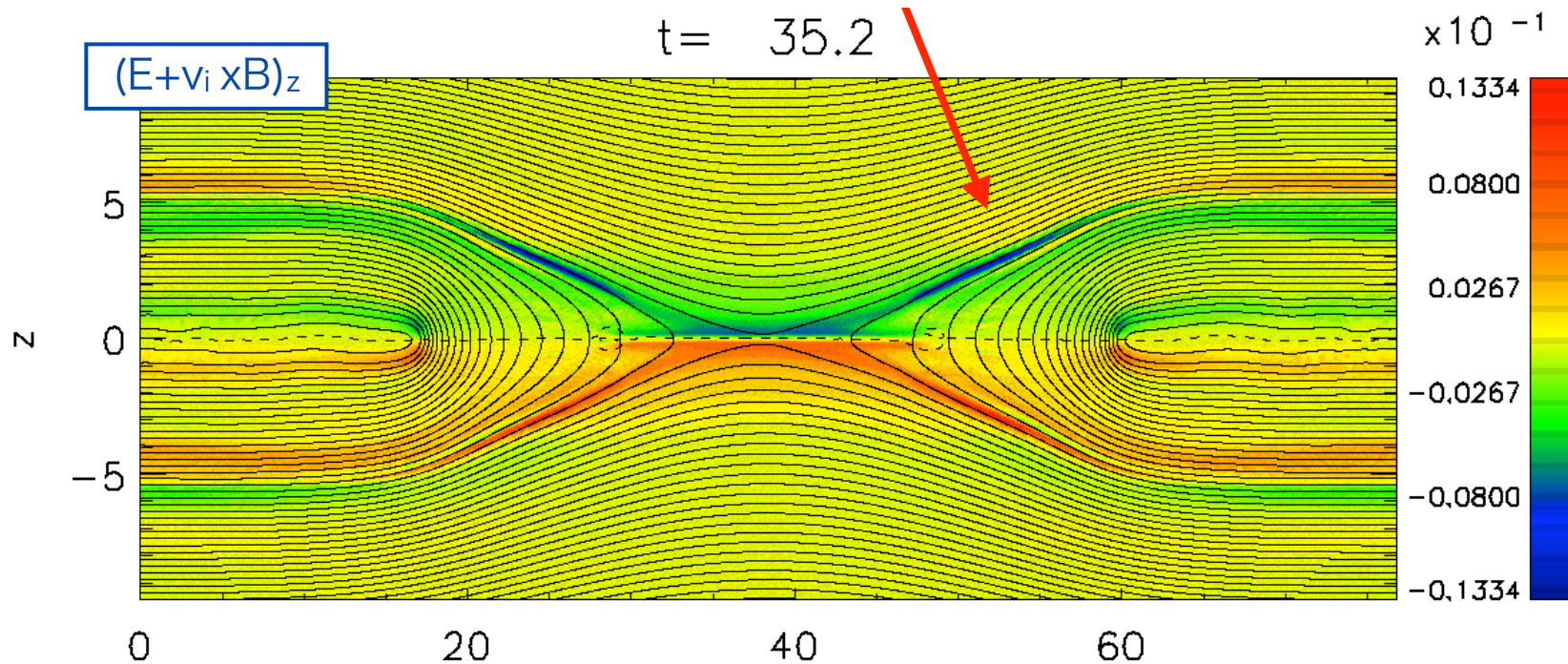
Khotyaintsev+ 2006 PRL

$$\mathbf{E} + (\mathbf{v}_i/c) \times \mathbf{B} \neq 0$$

PIC simulations - Nonideal Results

$$\mathbf{E} + (\mathbf{v}_i/c) \times \mathbf{B} \neq 0$$

t = 35.2



- Ideal condition violated

MHD equations

- Basic equations

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{V}) = 0,$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho \mathbf{V}}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \left(\rho \mathbf{V} \mathbf{V} + \left(p + \frac{B^2}{8\pi} \right) \mathbf{I} - \frac{1}{4\pi} \mathbf{B} \mathbf{B} \right) = 0,$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \left((\mathcal{E} + p) \mathbf{V} \right) + \frac{\mathbf{j} \times \mathbf{B}}{c} \cdot \mathbf{V} - \mathbf{j} \cdot \mathbf{R} = 0,$$

Energy

$$\frac{\partial B^2}{\partial t} \frac{1}{8\pi} + \frac{c}{4\pi} \nabla \cdot \left(-\frac{\mathbf{V} \times \mathbf{B}}{c} \times \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{R} \times \mathbf{B} \right) - \frac{\mathbf{j} \times \mathbf{B}}{c} \cdot \mathbf{V} + \mathbf{j} \cdot \mathbf{R} = 0,$$

Nonideal energy dissipation

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} + c \nabla \times \mathbf{E} = 0,$$

- Closures

- EoS
- Ohm's law

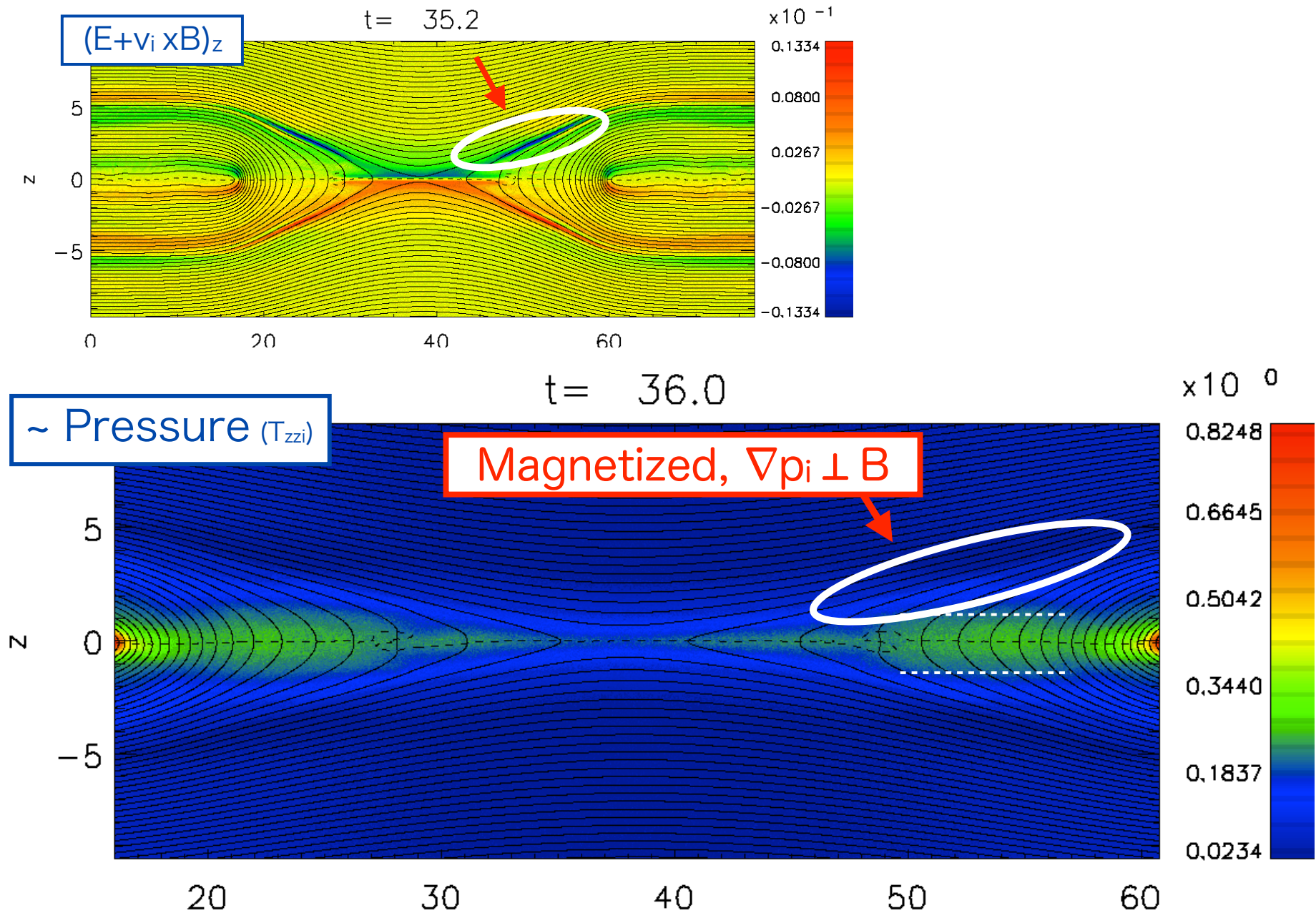
Topology

Flux freezing

$$\mathbf{E} + (\mathbf{V}/c) \times \mathbf{B} = \mathbf{R},$$

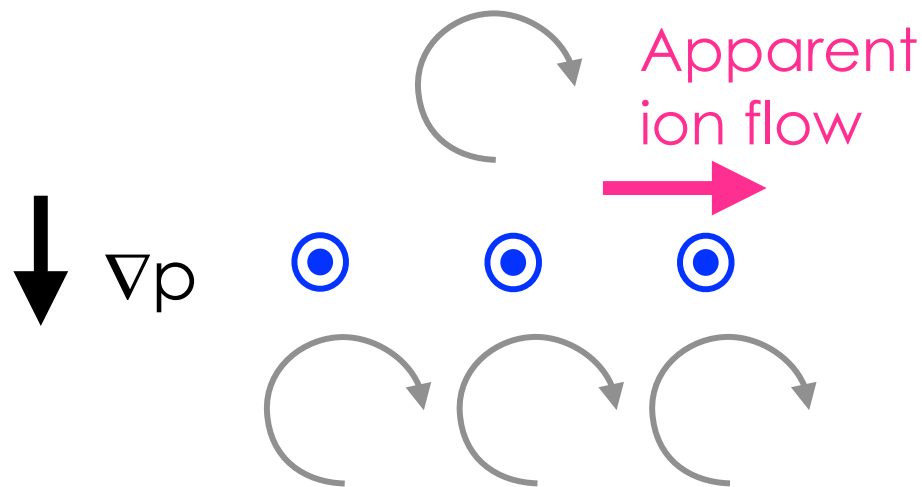
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{B} - \nabla \times (\mathbf{V} \times \mathbf{B}) + c \nabla \times \mathbf{R} = 0$$

PIC simulations - pressure gradient



Diamagnetic effect

- Apparent flow due to density/pressure gradient



$$\mathbf{E} + (\mathbf{v}_i/c) \times \mathbf{B} = -\frac{1}{en_i} \nabla p_i \neq 0$$

Topology
(* barotropic case)

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{R} = 0$$

- Energy transfer remains quasi-ideal:

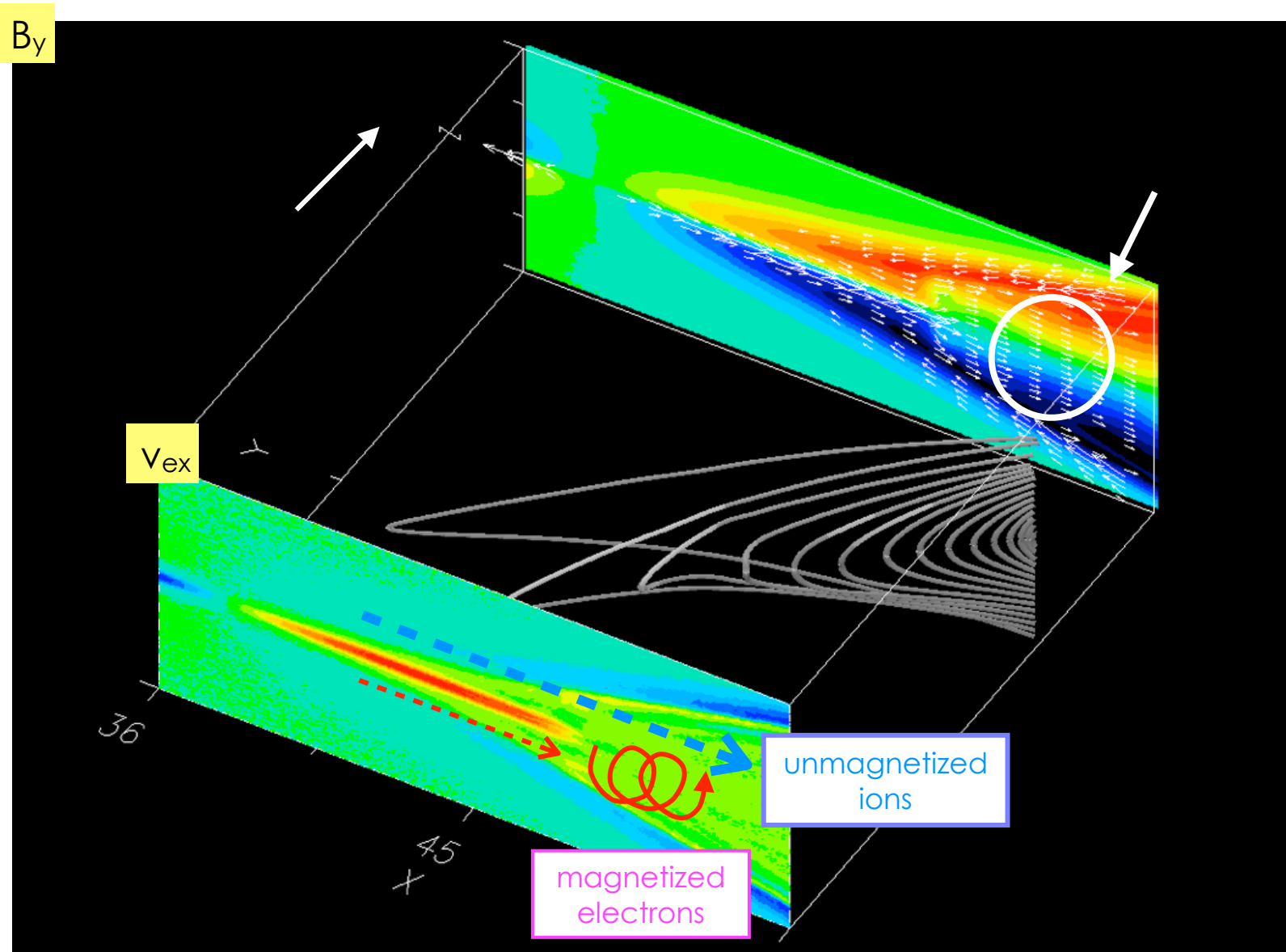
$$\mathbf{j} \cdot \mathbf{R} = \mathbf{j}_{diamag} \cdot \mathbf{R} = \frac{\mathbf{B} \times \nabla p}{B^2} \cdot \nabla p_i \approx 0$$

Energy

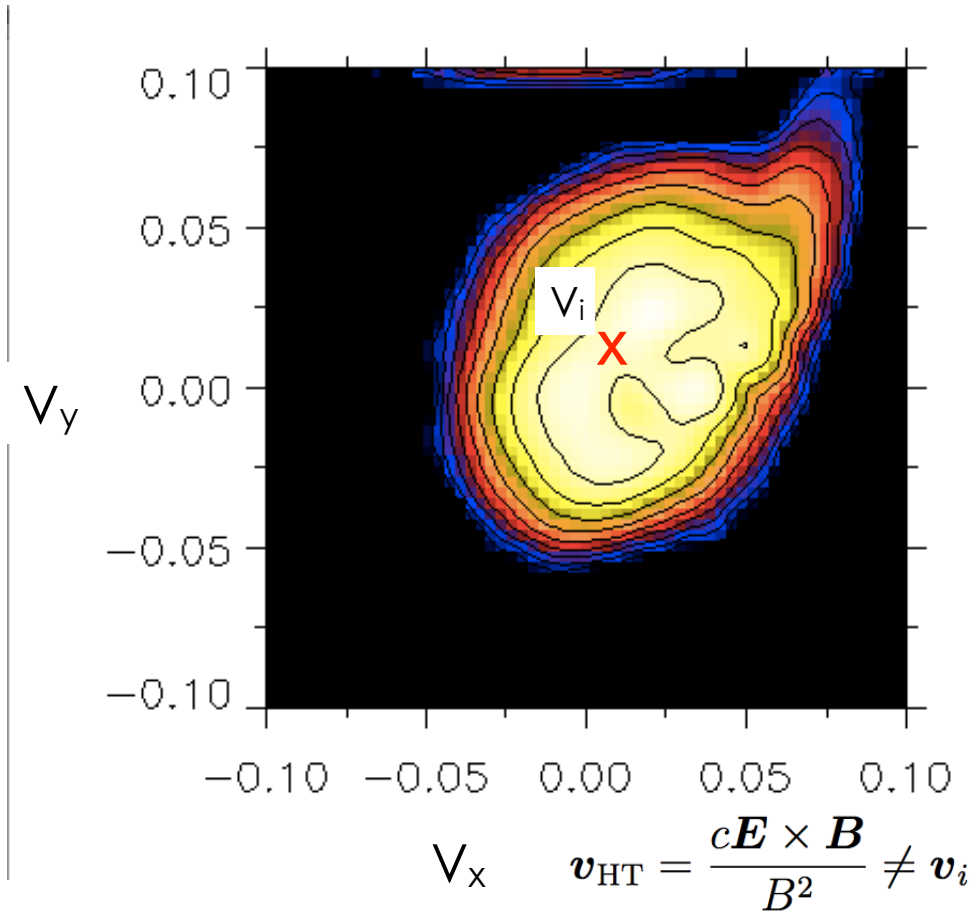
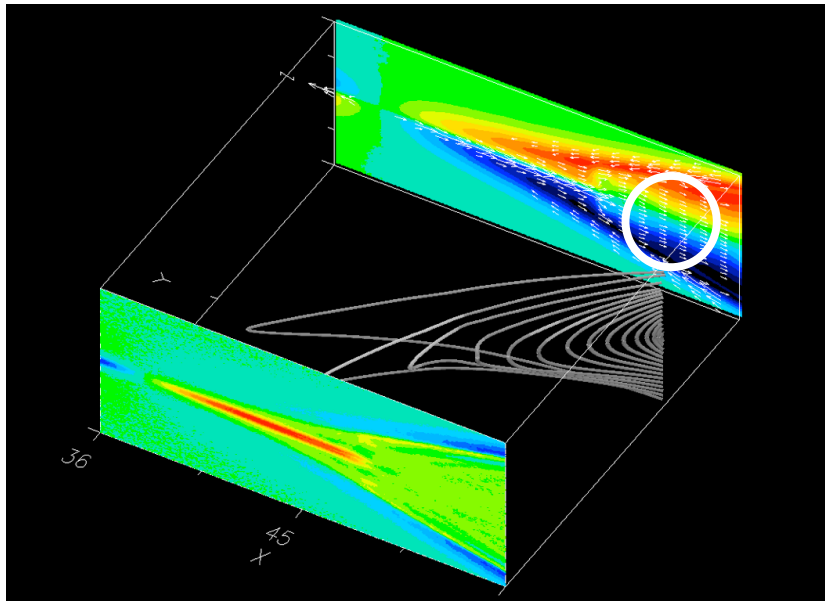
3. Ion current layer

Ion current layer

- Electrons are magnetized: only ions can cross the field line



Kinetic motion



Topology

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{R} = 0$$

Energy

$$\mathbf{j} \cdot \mathbf{R} = en(\mathbf{v}_i - \mathbf{v}_{HT}) \cdot [\mathbf{E} + (\mathbf{v}_i/c) \times \mathbf{B}] \approx 0$$

Summary : Ion-scale Outflow

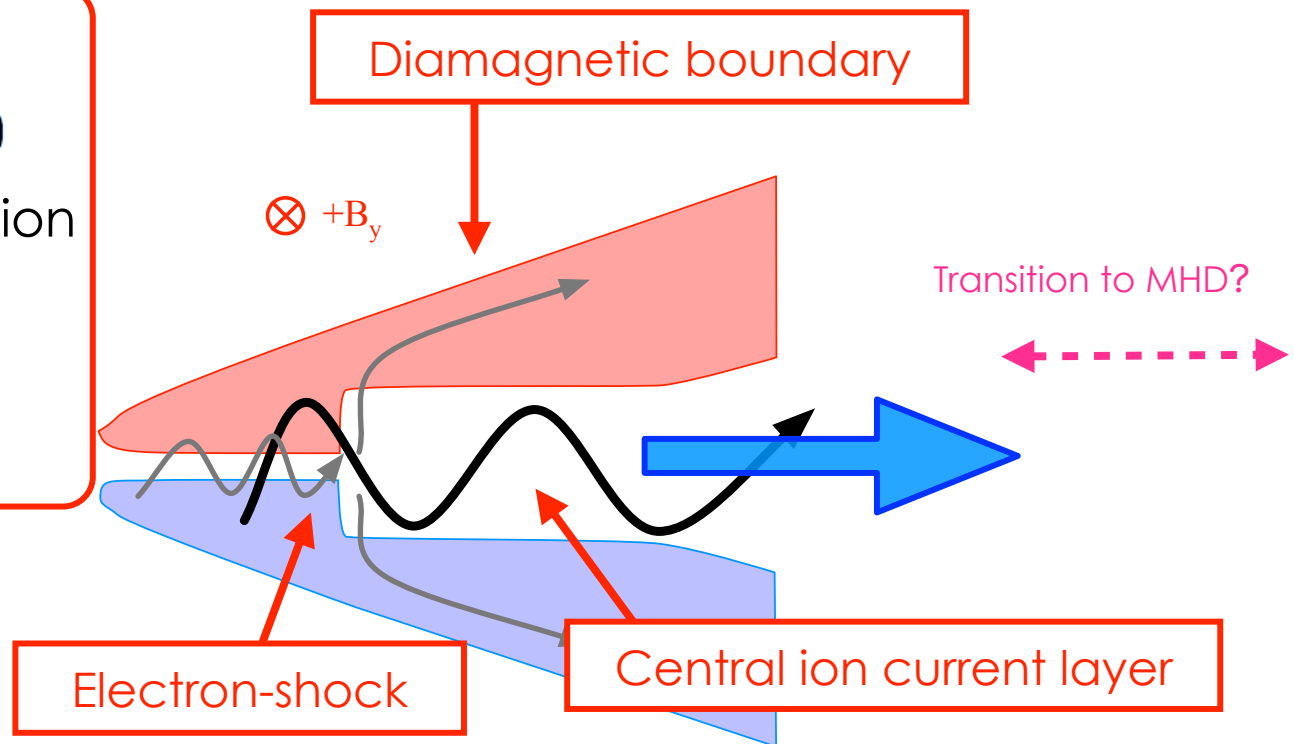
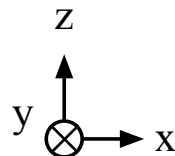
- Kinetic motions lead to $\mathbf{E} + (\mathbf{v}_i/c) \times \mathbf{B} \neq 0$
- Quasi-ideal MHD evolution

Topology

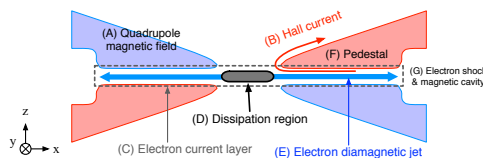
$$\nabla \times \mathbf{R} = 0$$

Energy

$$\mathbf{j} \cdot \mathbf{R} = 0$$



Electron kinetic physics (2000s ~)



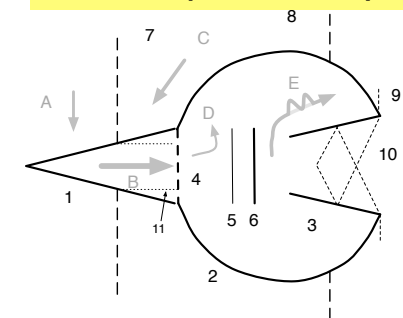
SZ+ 2011d PoP

Comprehensive understanding of 2D reconnection structure



Add'l players: anisotropy, turbulence, 3D

MHD (1970s ~)



SZ+ 2011a PoP