

Jacobi 行列を用いた二体問題関係変数の偏微分係数

以下の議論では $a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l$ がいわゆるケプラー 6 軌道要素 (軌道半長径、離心率、近点引数、軌道傾斜角、昇交点黄経、平均近点離角) を表し、 u が離心近点離角、 f が真近点離角を表わす。正準変数としては Delauney 変数 L, G, H, l, g, h を用い、それぞれ以下のような意味を持つとする。

$$\begin{aligned} L &= \sqrt{\mu a}, & l &= l, \\ G &= L\sqrt{1-e^2}, & g &= \omega, \\ H &= G \cos I, & h &= \Omega. \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

また、

$$\eta \equiv \sqrt{1-e^2}, \quad (2)$$

$$r = a(1 - e \cos u) = \frac{a(1 - e^2)}{1 + e \cos f}, \quad (3)$$

であり、離心近点離角 u と真近点離角 f の関係式である以下を頻用する。

$$\sin u = \frac{\eta \sin f}{1 + e \cos f}, \quad \cos u = \frac{e + \cos f}{1 + e \cos f}, \quad (4)$$

$$\sin f = \frac{\eta \sin u}{1 - e \cos u}, \quad \cos f = \frac{\cos u - e}{1 - e \cos u}. \quad (5)$$

ここでは、微分変数変換を Jacobian の形式で表現することにする。軌道運動を表わす独立六変数としては、直交座標 $(x, y, z, \dot{x}, \dot{y}, \dot{z})$ の他に以下のような種類が考えられる。

- $(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)$ ……いわゆる軌道 6 要素
- $(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, f)$ ……平均近点離角 l の代わりに真近点離角 f を用いる
- $(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)$ ……平均近点離角 l の代わりに離心近点離角 u を用いる
- (L, G, H, l, g, h) ……Delauney 要素

或る変数の組から或る変数の組への微分変換のやり方は ${}_4P_2 = 12$ 通りある。

$$\begin{aligned} (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, df) &\rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, du) \\ (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, df) &\rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, dl) \\ (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, df) &\rightarrow (dL, dG, dH, dl, dg, dh) \\ (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, du) &\rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, dl) \\ (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, du) &\rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, df) \\ (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, du) &\rightarrow (dL, dG, dH, dl, dg, dh) \\ (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, dl) &\rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, df) \\ (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, dl) &\rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, du) \\ (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, dl) &\rightarrow (dL, dG, dH, dl, dg, dh) \\ (dL, dG, dH, dl, dg, dh) &\rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, dl) \\ (dL, dG, dH, dl, dg, dh) &\rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, du) \\ (dL, dG, dH, dl, dg, dh) &\rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, df) \end{aligned}$$

以下ではこれらを順に追って列挙して行く。なお、本稿で使用する Jacobi 行列は通常の教科書にあるものと行と列の意味が入れ替わっていることに注意する。

以下ではまず前半部として

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, df) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, du) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, dl) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & (dL, dG, dH, dl, dg, dh)
 \end{aligned}$$

の方向の変換について計算を行う。

$$\boxed{(da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, df) \rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, du)}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, f)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} \quad (6)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial a}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial e}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial I}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} \quad (7)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial f}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} \quad (8)$$

式 (8) の変換行列に於いては $a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u$ はすべて独立であるから

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial e} = 0, \quad \frac{\partial e}{\partial u} = 0 \quad (9)$$

これを用いて式 (5) の第二式を e で偏微分すると

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial e} \cos f = -\sin f \frac{\partial f}{\partial e} = \frac{\partial}{\partial e} \left((\cos u - e)(1 - c \cos u)^{-1} \right) \quad (10)$$

$$= -1 \cdot (1 - e \cos u)^{-1} + (-e + \cos u) \cdot (-1) \cdot (1 - e \cos u)^{-2} (-\cos u) \quad (11)$$

$$= \frac{-1}{1 - e \cos u} + \frac{-e + \cos u}{(1 - e \cos u)^2} \cos u \quad (12)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(1 - e \cos u)^2} [-1 + e \cos u + (-e + \cos u) \cos u] \quad (13)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(1 - e \cos u)^2} (\cos^2 u - 1) \quad (14)$$

$$= \frac{-\sin^2 u}{(1 - e \cos u)^2} \quad (15)$$

$$= -\left(\frac{\sin u}{1 - e \cos u}\right)^2 \quad (16)$$

$$= -\left(\frac{\sin f}{\eta}\right)^2 \quad (\because (4)) \quad (17)$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial f}{\partial e} = \left(\frac{1}{-\sin f}\right) \left(-\frac{\sin^2 f}{\eta^2}\right) = \frac{1}{\eta^2} \sin f = \frac{L^2}{G^2} \sin f \quad (18)$$

同様にして式 (5) の第二式を u で偏微分すると

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial u} \cos f = -\sin f \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} = \frac{\partial}{\partial u} \left((\cos u - e)(1 - e \cos u)^{-1} \right) \quad (19)$$

$$= -\sin u (1 - e \cos u)^{-1} + (-e + \cos u) \cdot (-1) \cdot (1 - e \cos u)^{-2} e \sin u \quad (20)$$

$$= \frac{-\sin u}{1 - e \cos u} - \frac{-e + \cos u}{(1 - e \cos u)^2} e \sin u \quad (21)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(1 - e \cos u)^2} [-\sin u (1 - e \cos u) - e \sin u (-e + \cos u)] \quad (22)$$

$$= \frac{\sin u}{(1 - e \cos u)^2} (1 - e^2) \quad (23)$$

$$= \frac{\eta^2 \sin^2 u}{(1 - e \cos u)^2} \left(-\frac{1}{\sin u}\right) \quad (24)$$

$$= -\frac{\sin^2 f}{\sin u} \quad (\because (4)) \quad (25)$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} = \left(-\frac{1}{\sin f}\right) \left(-\frac{\sin^2 f}{\sin u}\right) = \frac{\eta \sin u}{1 - e \cos u} \frac{1}{\sin u} = \frac{a\eta}{r} \quad (\because (3)) \quad (26)$$

以上より、式 (8) は以下ようになる。

$$\begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, f)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & & & 0 \\ & 1 & & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial f}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} \quad (27)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & & & 0 \\ & 1 & & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{L^2}{G^2} \sin f & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{a\eta}{r} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} \quad (28)$$

$$(da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, du) \rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, dl)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (29)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial a}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial e}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial I}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial l} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (30)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial u}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (31)$$

式 (31) の変換行列に於いては $a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l$ はすべて独立であるから

$$\frac{\partial l}{\partial e} = 0, \quad \frac{\partial e}{\partial l} = 0 \quad (32)$$

これを用いてケプラー方程式 Kepler 方程式

$$u - e \sin u = l \quad (33)$$

の両辺を e で偏微分すると、

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial e} - \left(\sin u + e \cos u \frac{\partial u}{\partial e} \right) = \frac{\partial l}{\partial e} = 0 \quad (34)$$

$$\therefore (1 - e \cos u) \frac{\partial u}{\partial e} = \sin u \quad (35)$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial u}{\partial e} = \frac{\sin u}{1 - e \cos u} = \frac{\sin f}{\eta} \quad (\because (5)) \quad (36)$$

同様に式 (33) の両辺を l で偏微分すると

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial l} - e \cos u \frac{\partial u}{\partial l} = \frac{\partial l}{\partial l} = 1 \quad (37)$$

$$\therefore (1 - e \cos u) \frac{\partial u}{\partial l} = 1 \quad (38)$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial u}{\partial l} = \frac{1}{1 - e \cos u} = \frac{a}{r} \quad (39)$$

以上より、式 (31) は以下のようになる。

$$\begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (40)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial u}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial u}{\partial l} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (41)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\sin f}{\eta} & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{a}{r} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (42)$$

$$(da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, df) \rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, dl)$$

この変換は $df \rightarrow du \rightarrow dl$ と経由して行けば良く、

$$\begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, f)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial a}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial e}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial I}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial l} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (43)$$

$$= \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, f)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)} \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (44)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial f}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial u}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial u}{\partial l} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (45)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{L^2}{G^2} \sin f & 0 & 0 & \frac{a\eta}{r} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\sin f}{\eta} & 0 & 0 & \frac{a}{r} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (46)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{L^2}{G^2} \sin f + \frac{a\eta}{r} \frac{\sin f}{\eta} & 0 & 0 & \frac{a\eta}{r} \frac{a}{r} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (47)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \left(\frac{a}{r} + \frac{L^2}{G^2}\right) \sin f & 0 & 0 & \frac{a^2 \eta}{r^2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (48)$$

$$(da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, dl) \rightarrow (dL, dG, dH, dl, dg, dh)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)}{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)} \begin{pmatrix} dL \\ dG \\ dH \\ dl \\ dg \\ dh \end{pmatrix} \quad (49)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial a}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial e}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial I}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial l}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial h} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} dL \\ dG \\ dH \\ dl \\ dg \\ dh \end{pmatrix} \quad (50)$$

L の定義を用いて a を Delauney 要素で表すと

$$a = \frac{L^2}{\mu} \quad (51)$$

なので、 a は L にのみ依存することがわかる。従って

$$\frac{\partial a}{\partial L} = \frac{2L}{\mu}, \quad (52)$$

$$\frac{\partial a}{\partial G} = \frac{\partial a}{\partial H} = \frac{\partial a}{\partial l} = \frac{\partial a}{\partial g} = \frac{\partial a}{\partial h} = 0. \quad (53)$$

同様に、 L, G の定義を用いて e を正準変数で表すと

$$\frac{G^2}{L^2} = 1 - e^2 \quad (54)$$

$$\therefore e = \sqrt{1 - \frac{G^2}{L^2}} \quad (55)$$

なので、 e は L, G にのみ依存することがわかる。従って

$$\frac{\partial e}{\partial L} = \frac{\partial}{\partial L} \sqrt{1 - \frac{G^2}{L^2}} = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{G^2}{L^2}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \frac{2G^2}{L^3} = \frac{G^2}{eL^3}, \quad (56)$$

$$\frac{\partial e}{\partial G} = \frac{\partial}{\partial G} \sqrt{1 - \frac{G^2}{L^2}} = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{G^2}{L^2}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left(-\frac{2G}{L^2}\right) = -\frac{G}{eL^2}, \quad (57)$$

$$\frac{\partial e}{\partial H} = \frac{\partial e}{\partial l} = \frac{\partial e}{\partial g} = \frac{\partial e}{\partial h} = 0. \quad (58)$$

また $g = \omega$ であるからして、 g は他のすべての軌道要素 (a, e, I, Ω, l) に対して独立。従って

$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial L} = \frac{\partial g}{\partial G} = \frac{\partial g}{\partial H} = \frac{\partial g}{\partial l} = \frac{\partial g}{\partial h} = 0. \quad (59)$$

またも同様に、 L, G, H の定義を用いて I を正準変数で表すと

$$\cos I = \frac{H}{G} \quad (60)$$

なので、 I は G, H にのみ依存することがわかる。(60)の両辺を G で偏微分すると

$$-\frac{H}{G^2} = -\sin I \frac{\partial I}{\partial G}, \quad (61)$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial I}{\partial G} = \frac{H}{G^2 \sin I} = \frac{G \cos I}{G^2 \sin I} = \frac{1}{G \tan I}. \quad (62)$$

同様に (60) の両辺を H で偏微分すると

$$\frac{1}{G} = -\sin I \frac{\partial I}{\partial H}, \quad (63)$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial I}{\partial H} = -\frac{1}{G \sin I}. \quad (64)$$

他の変数からはすべて独立なので

$$\frac{\partial I}{\partial L} = \frac{\partial I}{\partial l} = \frac{\partial I}{\partial g} = \frac{\partial I}{\partial h} = 0. \quad (65)$$

となる。従って式 (50) の変換行列は以下ようになる。

$$\begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial a}{\partial L} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\partial e}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial G} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial I}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial G} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} dL \\ dG \\ dH \\ dl \\ dg \\ dh \end{pmatrix} \quad (66)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2L}{eL^3} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu}{eL^3} & -\frac{G}{eL^2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{G \tan I} & -\frac{1}{G \sin I} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} dL \\ dG \\ dH \\ dl \\ dg \\ dh \end{pmatrix} \quad (67)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial a}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial e}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial I}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial h} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} dL \\ dG \\ dH \\ dl \\ dg \\ dh \end{pmatrix} \quad (75)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2L}{\mu} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{G^2}{\epsilon L^3} & -\frac{G}{\epsilon L^2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{G \tan I} & -\frac{1}{G \sin I} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{G^2}{\epsilon L^3} \left(\frac{a}{r} + \frac{L^2}{G^2} \right) \sin f & -\frac{G}{\epsilon L^2} \left(\frac{a}{r} + \frac{L^2}{G^2} \right) \sin f & 0 & \frac{a^2 \eta}{r^2} & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} dL \\ dG \\ dH \\ dl \\ dg \\ dh \end{pmatrix} \quad (76)$$

二体問題に於ける symplectic integrator の誤差評価では上述の $\frac{\partial f}{\partial L}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial G}$ などを頻用する。

$$(da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, du) \rightarrow (dL, dG, dH, dl, dg, dh)$$

この変換は $du \rightarrow dl \rightarrow dL$ と経由して行けば良く、

$$\frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)}{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)} = \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)} \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)}{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)} \quad (77)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial a}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial e}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial I}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial l} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial a}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial e}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial I}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial l}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial h} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & & 0 \\ & 1 & & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial u}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial u}{\partial u} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial a}{\partial L} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\partial e}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial G} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial I}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial G} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (78)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & & 0 \\ & 1 & & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\sin f}{\eta} & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{a}{r} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2L}{\epsilon L^3} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu}{\epsilon L^3} & -\frac{G}{\epsilon L^2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{G \tan I} & -\frac{1}{G \sin I} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (79)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2L}{\epsilon L^3} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu}{\epsilon L^3} & -\frac{G}{\epsilon L^2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{G \tan I} & -\frac{1}{G \sin I} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{G^2 \sin f}{\epsilon L^3 \eta} & -\frac{G \sin f}{\epsilon L^2 \eta} & 0 & \frac{a}{r} & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (80)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2L}{\epsilon L^3} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu}{\epsilon L^3} & -\frac{G}{\epsilon L^2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{G \tan I} & -\frac{1}{G \sin I} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{\eta}{\epsilon L} \sin f & -\frac{\sin f}{\epsilon L} & 0 & \frac{a}{r} & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (81)$$

即ち、

$$\begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)}{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)} \begin{pmatrix} dL \\ dG \\ dH \\ dl \\ dg \\ dh \end{pmatrix} \quad (82)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial a}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial e}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial I}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial h} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial L} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial G} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial H} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial l} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial g} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial h} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} dL \\ dG \\ dH \\ dl \\ dg \\ dh \end{pmatrix} \quad (83)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2L}{\mu} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{G^2}{eL^3} & -\frac{G}{eL^2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{G \tan I} & -\frac{1}{G \sin I} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{\eta}{eL} \sin f & -\frac{\sin f}{eL} & 0 & \frac{a}{r} & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} dL \\ dG \\ dH \\ dl \\ dg \\ dh \end{pmatrix} \quad (84)$$

ここからは後半部として前半部の逆変換、即ち

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (dL, dG, dH, dl, dg, dh) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, dl) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, du) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, df)
 \end{aligned}$$

の方向の変換について計算を行う。

$$\boxed{(da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, du) \rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, df)}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, f)} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial a}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial f} \\ \frac{\partial e}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial f} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial f} \\ \frac{\partial I}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial f} \\ \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial f} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial f} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} \quad (85)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & 0 & 0 \\ & & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ & & & 1 & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial u}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} \quad (86)$$

式 (86) の変換行列に於いては $a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, f$ はすべて独立であるから

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial e} = 0, \quad \frac{\partial e}{\partial f} = 0 \quad (87)$$

これを用いて式 (4) の第二式を e で偏微分すると

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial e} \cos u = -\sin u \frac{\partial u}{\partial e} = \frac{\partial}{\partial e} (e + \cos f) \cdot (1 + e \cos f)^{-1} + (e + \cos f) \frac{\partial}{\partial e} (1 + e \cos f)^{-1} \quad (88)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e \cos f} \cdot 1 + (e + \cos f)(-1)(1 + e \cos f)^{-2} \cdot \cos f \quad (89)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e \cos f} - \frac{e + \cos f}{(1 + e \cos f)^2} \cos f \quad (90)$$

$$= \frac{1 + e \cos f - (e + \cos f) \cos f}{(1 + e \cos f)^2} \quad (91)$$

$$= \frac{1 + e \cos f - e \cos f - \cos^2 f}{(1 + e \cos f)^2} \quad (92)$$

$$= \frac{1 - \cos^2 f}{(1 + e \cos f)^2} \quad (93)$$

$$= \frac{\sin^2 f}{(1 + e \cos f)^2} \quad (\because (4)) \quad (94)$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial u}{\partial e} = -\frac{1}{\sin u} \frac{\sin^2 f}{(1 + e \cos f)^2} \quad (95)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\sin u} \left(\frac{\sin u}{\eta} \right)^2 \quad (96)$$

$$= -\frac{\sin u}{\eta^2} \quad (97)$$

同様にして式 (4) の第二式を f で偏微分すると

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial f} \cos u = -\sin u \frac{\partial u}{\partial f} = \frac{\partial}{\partial f} (e + \cos f) \cdot (1 + e \cos f)^{-1} + (e + \cos f) \frac{\partial}{\partial f} (1 + e \cos f)^{-1} \quad (98)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e \cos f} (-\sin f) + (e + \cos f) (-1) (1 + e \cos f)^{-2} (-e \sin f) \quad (99)$$

$$= \frac{-\sin f}{1 + e \cos f} + \frac{1}{(1 + e \cos f)^2} (e + \cos f) e \sin f \quad (100)$$

$$= \frac{-\sin f (1 + e \cos f) + e \sin f (e + \cos f)}{(1 + e \cos f)^2} \quad (101)$$

$$= \frac{-\sin f - e \sin f \cos f + e^2 \sin f + e \sin f \cos f}{(1 + e \cos f)^2} \quad (102)$$

$$= -\frac{1 - e^2}{(1 + e \cos f)^2} \sin f \quad (103)$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial u}{\partial f} = \left(-\frac{1}{\sin u} \right) \left(-\frac{1 - e^2}{(1 + e \cos f)^2} \right) \sin f \quad (104)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sin u} \cdot \frac{\sin f}{1 + e \cos f} \cdot \eta \cdot \eta \cdot \frac{1}{1 + e \cos f} \quad (105)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sin u} \cdot \sin u \cdot \eta \cdot \frac{r}{a\eta^2} \quad (106)$$

$$= \frac{r}{a\eta} \quad (107)$$

以上より、式 (86) は以下のようなになる。

$$\begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, f)} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial u}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ & & & & \frac{\partial u}{\partial f} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} \quad (108)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{\sin u}{\eta^2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ & & & & \frac{r}{a\eta} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} \quad (109)$$

$$(da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, dl) \rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, du)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial a}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial e}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial I}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial l}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial u} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} \quad (110)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial l}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} \quad (111)$$

式 (111) の変換行列に於いては $a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u$ はすべて独立であるから

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial e} = 0, \quad \frac{\partial e}{\partial u} = 0 \quad (112)$$

これにより、ケプラー方程式 Kepler 方程式 (33) の両辺を e で偏微分すると

$$\frac{\partial l}{\partial e} = \frac{\partial}{\partial e}(u - e \sin u) = -\sin u \quad (113)$$

同様にして、ケプラー方程式 Kepler 方程式 (33) の両辺を u で偏微分すると

$$\frac{\partial l}{\partial u} = \frac{\partial}{\partial u}(u - e \sin u) = 1 - e \cos u = \frac{r}{a} \quad (114)$$

以上より、式 (111) は以下ようになる。

$$\begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial l}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} \quad (115)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 \\ 0 & -\sin u & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} \quad (116)$$

$$(da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, dl) \rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, df)$$

この変換は $dl \rightarrow du \rightarrow df$ と経由して行けば良く、

$$\begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, f)} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial a}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial f} \\ \frac{\partial e}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial f} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial f} \\ \frac{\partial I}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial f} \\ \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial f} \\ \frac{\partial l}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial f} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} \quad (117)$$

$$= \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)} \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, f)} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} \quad (118)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial l}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial l}{\partial u} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial u}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial u}{\partial f} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} \quad (119)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 \\ 0 & -\sin u & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{r}{a} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{\sin u}{\eta^2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{r}{a\eta} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} \quad (120)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 \\ 0 & -\sin u - \frac{r \sin u}{a \eta^2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{r \sin u}{a \eta^2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} \quad (121)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \mathbf{0} & 0 \\ & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 1 & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & 0 \\ \mathbf{0} & & & & 1 \\ 0 & -\sin u \left(1 - \frac{r}{a\eta^2}\right) & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{r^2}{a^2\eta} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} \quad (122)$$

$$(dL, dG, dH, dl, dg, dh) \rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, dl)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} dL \\ dG \\ dH \\ dl \\ dg \\ dh \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (123)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial L}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial G}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial H}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial l}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial l} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (124)$$

L の定義より

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial a} = \frac{\partial}{\partial a} \sqrt{\mu a} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{a}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\mu}{\sqrt{\mu a}} = \frac{\mu}{2L}. \quad (125)$$

L は a にのみ依存するので、

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial e} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \omega} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial I} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \Omega} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial l} = 0. \quad (126)$$

G の定義より

$$\frac{\partial G}{\partial a} = \frac{\partial}{\partial a} \sqrt{\mu a(1-e^2)} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\mu(1-e^2)}{a}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\mu \sqrt{1-e^2}}{\sqrt{\mu a}} = \frac{\mu \eta}{2L}, \quad (127)$$

$$\frac{\partial G}{\partial e} = L \frac{\partial}{\partial e} \sqrt{1-e^2} = L \cdot \frac{1}{2} (1-e^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot (-2e) = -\frac{eL}{\sqrt{1-e^2}} = -\frac{eL}{\eta} = -\frac{eL^2}{G}. \quad (128)$$

G は a, e にのみ依存するので、

$$\frac{\partial G}{\partial \omega} = \frac{\partial G}{\partial I} = \frac{\partial G}{\partial \Omega} = \frac{\partial G}{\partial l} = 0. \quad (129)$$

L, G, H の定義より

$$\frac{\partial H}{\partial a} = \frac{\partial}{\partial a} (L\eta \cos I) = \frac{\mu}{2L} \cdot \eta \cos I = \frac{\mu \eta}{2L} \cos I, \quad (130)$$

$$\frac{\partial H}{\partial e} = L \frac{\partial}{\partial e} (G \cos I) = \cos I \frac{\partial G}{\partial e} = -\frac{eL^2}{G} \cos I. \quad (131)$$

$$\frac{\partial H}{\partial I} = G \frac{\partial}{\partial I} \cos I = -G \sin I. \quad (132)$$

H は a, e, I にのみ依存するので、

$$\frac{\partial H}{\partial \omega} = \frac{\partial H}{\partial \Omega} = \frac{\partial H}{\partial l} = 0. \quad (133)$$

式 (124) 左辺の l は Delauney 要素、右辺の l は軌道 6 要素だが、実は同一物である。即ち

$$\frac{\partial l}{\partial l} = 1, \quad (134)$$

$$\frac{\partial l}{\partial a} = \frac{\partial l}{\partial e} = \frac{\partial l}{\partial \omega} = \frac{\partial l}{\partial I} = \frac{\partial l}{\partial \Omega} = 0. \quad (135)$$

変換式 (124) 左辺の g は Delauney 要素だが、実は右辺の $g = \omega$ すなわち近点引数と同一物である。即ち

$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial \omega} = 1, \quad (136)$$

$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial a} = \frac{\partial g}{\partial e} = \frac{\partial g}{\partial I} = \frac{\partial l}{\partial \Omega} = \frac{\partial g}{\partial l} = 0. \quad (137)$$

変換式 (124) 左辺の h は Delauney 要素だが、実は右辺の $h = \Omega$ すなわち昇交点黄経と同一物である。即ち

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial \Omega} = 1, \quad (138)$$

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial a} = \frac{\partial h}{\partial e} = \frac{\partial h}{\partial \omega} = \frac{\partial h}{\partial I} = \frac{\partial h}{\partial l} = 0. \quad (139)$$

従って変換式 (124) は

$$\begin{pmatrix} dL \\ dG \\ dH \\ dl \\ dg \\ dh \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (140)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial L}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial G}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial H}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial l}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial l} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (141)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial L}{\partial a} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\partial G}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\partial H}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial e} & 0 & \frac{\partial H}{\partial I} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial l}{\partial l} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial g}{\partial \omega} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial h}{\partial \Omega} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (142)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\mu}{2L} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\eta}{2L} & -\frac{eL^2}{G} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\eta}{2L} \cos I & -\frac{eL^2}{G} \cos I & 0 & -G \sin I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ dl \end{pmatrix} \quad (143)$$

$$(dL, dG, dH, dl, dg, dh) \rightarrow (da, de, d\omega, dI, d\Omega, du)$$

この変換は $dL \rightarrow dl \rightarrow du$ と経由して行けば良く、

$$\frac{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)} = \frac{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)} \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, l)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)} \quad (144)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial L}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial G}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial H}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial l}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial l} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial l} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial a}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial a}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial e}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial e}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial I}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial I}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial l}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial u} \end{pmatrix} \quad (145)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\mu}{2L} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\eta}{2L} & -\frac{eL^2}{G} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\eta}{2L} \cos I & -\frac{eL^2}{G} \cos I & 0 & -G \sin I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & & & 0 \\ & 1 & & & & 0 \\ & & & 1 & & 0 \\ & & & & 1 & 0 \\ & & & & & 1 \\ 0 & -\sin u & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{r}{a} \end{pmatrix} \quad (146)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\mu}{2L} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\eta}{2L} & -\frac{eL^2}{G} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\eta}{2L} \cos I & -\frac{eL^2}{G} \cos I & 0 & -G \sin I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\sin u & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{r}{a} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (147)$$

即ち

$$\begin{pmatrix} dL \\ dG \\ dH \\ dl \\ dg \\ dh \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, u)} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial L}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial G}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial H}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial l}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial l}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial e} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial \omega} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial \Omega} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial u} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} \quad (148)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\mu}{2L} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\eta}{2L} & -\frac{eL^2}{G} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\eta}{2L} \cos I & -\frac{eL^2}{G} \cos I & 0 & -G \sin I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\sin u & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{r}{a} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ du \end{pmatrix} \quad (149)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial L}{\partial a} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\partial G}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial G}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\partial H}{\partial a} & \frac{\partial H}{\partial e} & 0 & \frac{\partial H}{\partial I} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial l}{\partial e} & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial l}{\partial f} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial g}{\partial \omega} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial h}{\partial \Omega} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} \quad (155)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\mu}{2L} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\eta}{2L} & -\frac{eL^2}{G} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\eta}{2L} \cos I & -\frac{eL^2}{G} \cos I & 0 & -G \sin I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\left(1 + \frac{r}{a\eta^2}\right) \sin u & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{r^2}{a^2\eta} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} da \\ de \\ d\omega \\ dI \\ d\Omega \\ df \end{pmatrix} \quad (156)$$

順変換 × 逆変換 = 単位行列？

以上の検算を兼ね、以下の変換行列を計算してみる。これは原理的に単位行列になるべきである。

$$\frac{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)}{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)} = \frac{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, f)} \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, f)}{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)} \quad (157)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\mu}{2L} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\eta}{2L} & -\frac{eL^2}{G} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\eta}{2L} \cos I & -\frac{eL^2}{G} \cos I & 0 & -G \sin I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\left(1 + \frac{r}{a\eta^2}\right) \sin u & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{r^2}{a^2\eta} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2L}{G^2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu}{eL^3} & -\frac{G}{eL^2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{G \tan I} & -\frac{1}{G \sin I} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{G^2}{eL^3} \left(\frac{a}{r} + \frac{L^2}{G^2}\right) \sin f & -\frac{G}{eL^2} \left(\frac{a}{r} + \frac{L^2}{G^2}\right) \sin f & 0 & \frac{a^2\eta}{r^2} & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (158)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\mu}{2L} \frac{2L}{G^2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\eta}{2L} \frac{2L}{\mu} - \frac{e}{L^2} \frac{G^2}{eL^3} & \left(-\frac{eL^2}{G}\right) \left(-\frac{G}{eL^2}\right) & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\eta}{2L} \cos I \frac{2L}{\mu} - \frac{eL^2}{G} \cos I \frac{G^2}{eL^3} & \left(-\frac{eL^2}{G} \cos I\right) \left(-\frac{G}{eL^2}\right) - G \sin I \frac{1}{G \tan I} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\left(1 + \frac{r}{a\eta^2} \sin u\right) \frac{G^2}{eL^3} + \frac{r^2}{a^2\eta} \frac{G^2}{eL^3} \left(\frac{a}{r} + \frac{L^2}{G^2}\right) \sin f & -\left(1 + \frac{r}{a\eta^2} \sin u\right) + \left(-\frac{G}{eL^2}\right) \left(-\frac{G}{eL^2}\right) \left(\frac{a}{r} + \frac{L^2}{G^2}\right) \sin f & 0 & \frac{a^2\eta}{r^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -G \sin I \left(-\frac{1}{G \sin I}\right) & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{r^2}{a^2\eta} \frac{a^2\eta}{r^2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

自明でない各成分についてそれぞれ計算を行うと以下ようになる。

$$\frac{\mu}{2L} \frac{2L}{G^2} = 1 \quad (159)$$

$$\frac{\mu\eta}{2L} \frac{2L}{\mu} - \frac{e}{L^2} \frac{G^2}{eL^3} = \eta - \frac{G}{L} = \eta - \eta = 0 \quad (160)$$

$$\left(-\frac{eL^2}{G}\right) \left(-\frac{G}{eL^2}\right) = 1 \quad (161)$$

$$\frac{\mu\eta}{2L} \cos I \frac{2L}{\mu} - \frac{eL^2}{G} \cos I \frac{G^2}{eL^3} = \eta \cos I - \frac{G}{L} \cos I = \eta \cos I - \eta \cos I = 0 \quad (162)$$

$$\left(-\frac{eL^2}{G} \cos I\right) \left(-\frac{G}{eL^2}\right) - G \sin I \frac{1}{G \tan I} = \cos I - \cos I = 0 \quad (163)$$

$$-G \sin I \left(-\frac{1}{G \sin I}\right) = 1 \quad (164)$$

$$\frac{r^2}{a^2 \eta} \frac{a^2 \eta}{r^2} = 1 \quad (165)$$

また、(3)(4) より

$$\sin u = \frac{\eta \sin f}{1 + e \cos f} = \frac{r}{a \eta^2} \cdot \eta \sin f = \frac{r}{a \eta} \sin f \quad (166)$$

なので、

$$-\left(1 + \frac{r}{a \eta^2} \sin u\right) \frac{G^2}{eL^3} + \frac{r^2}{a^2 \eta} \frac{G^2}{eL^3} \left(\frac{a}{r} + \frac{L^2}{G^2}\right) \sin f \quad (167)$$

$$= -\left(1 + \frac{r}{a \eta^2}\right) \frac{r}{a \eta} \sin f \frac{G^2}{eL^3} + \frac{r}{a^2 \eta} \frac{G^2}{eL^3} \left(\frac{a}{r} + \frac{1}{\eta^2}\right) \sin f \quad (168)$$

$$= \frac{G^2}{eL^3} \sin f \left[-\left(1 + \frac{r}{a \eta^2}\right) \frac{r}{a \eta} + \frac{r^2}{a^2 \eta} \left(\frac{a}{r} + \frac{1}{\eta^2}\right)\right] \quad (169)$$

$$= \frac{G^2}{eL^3} \sin f \left(-\frac{r}{a \eta} - \frac{r^2}{a^2 \eta^3} + \frac{r}{a \eta} + \frac{r^2}{a^2 \eta^3}\right) \quad (170)$$

$$= 0 \quad (171)$$

$$-\left(1 + \frac{r}{a \eta^2} \sin u\right) + \left(-\frac{G}{eL^2}\right) \left(-\frac{G}{eL^2}\right) \left(\frac{a}{r} + \frac{L^2}{G^2}\right) \sin f \quad (172)$$

$$= -\left(1 + \frac{r}{a \eta^2}\right) \frac{r}{a \eta} \sin f \left(-\frac{G}{eL^2}\right) + \frac{r}{a^2 \eta} \left(-\frac{G}{eL^2}\right) \left(\frac{a}{r} + \frac{1}{\eta^2}\right) \sin f \quad (173)$$

$$= -\frac{G}{eL^2} \sin f \left[-\left(1 + \frac{r}{a \eta^2}\right) \frac{r}{a \eta} + \frac{r^2}{a^2 \eta} \left(\frac{a}{r} + \frac{1}{\eta^2}\right)\right] \quad (174)$$

$$= -\frac{G}{eL^2} \sin f \left[-\frac{r}{a \eta} - \frac{r^2}{a^2 \eta^3} + \frac{r}{a \eta} + \frac{r^2}{a^2 \eta^3}\right] \quad (175)$$

$$= 0 \quad (176)$$

以上より、変換行列 (157) は

$$\frac{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)}{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)} = \frac{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)}{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, f)} \frac{\partial(a, e, \omega, I, \Omega, f)}{\partial(L, G, H, l, g, h)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (177)$$

となり、各々の変換行列の計算が正しかったことが示された。 ■